

Application No. 10/722,929
Attorney Docket No: 25226A

IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing a rigid foam comprising:
incorporating nano-particles into a polymer melt, said nano-particles being selected from ~~of~~ nano-clays, calcium carbonate, intercalated graphites and expanded graphites and having a particle size in at least one dimension less than 100 angstroms;
incorporating a blowing agent into the polymer melt under a first pressure and at a first temperature;
extruding the polymer melt under a second pressure and at a second temperature, the second pressure and second temperature being sufficient to allow the polymer melt to expand and form a foam; and
cooling the foam to form a foam product having an average cell size, said average cell size being greater than approximately 60 μm and having a cell size distribution;
wherein said polymer melt includes an alkenyl aromatic polymer material.
2. (Previously Presented) A method of manufacturing a rigid foam according to claim 1:
wherein the polymer includes at least one alkenyl aromatic polymer selected from alkenyl aromatic homopolymers, copolymers of alkenyl aromatic compounds and copolymerizable ethylenically unsaturated comonomers.
3. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing a rigid foam according to claim 2:
wherein the polymer includes a major portion of at least one alkenyl aromatic polymer selected from ~~the group consisting of the polymerization products of~~ styrene, α -methylstyrene, chlorostyrene, bromostyrene, ethylstyrene, vinyl benzene and vinyl toluene;
and
a minor portion of a non-alkenyl aromatic polymer.
4. (Previously Presented) A method of manufacturing a rigid foam according to claim 3:
wherein the polymer includes at least 80 wt% polystyrene.

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5. (Previously Presented) A method of manufacturing a rigid foam according to claim 2:

wherein the blowing agent includes at least one composition selected from aliphatic hydrocarbons having 1-9 carbon atoms, halogenated aliphatic hydrocarbons having 1-4 carbon atoms, carbon dioxide, nitrogen, water, azodicarbonamide and p-toluenesulfonyl.

6. (Previously Presented) A method of manufacturing a rigid foam according to claim 5:

wherein the blowing agent includes at least one composition selected from methane, methanol, ethane, ethanol, propane, propanol, n-butane, isopentane, carbon dioxide, nitrogen, water, azodicarbonamide, p-toluenesulfonyl, HCFC-142b and HCFC-134a.

7. (Original) A method of manufacturing a rigid foam according to claim 2, further comprising:

incorporating an additive into the polymer melt before forming the foam.

8. (Previously Presented) A method of manufacturing a rigid foam according to claim 7:

wherein the additive includes at least one composition selected from flame retardants, mold release agents, pigments and fillers.

9. (Previously Presented) A method of manufacturing a rigid foam according to claim 2:

wherein said nano-clays are further selected from intercalated clays and exfoliated clays.

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10. (Previously Presented) A method of manufacturing a rigid foam according to claim 9:

wherein the nano-particles are incorporated into the polymer melt at a rate between 0.01 and 10 weight percent, based on polymer weight.

11. (Previously Presented) A method of manufacturing a rigid foam according to claim 9:

wherein the nano-particles are incorporated into the polymer melt at a rate between 0.5 and 5 weight percent, based on polymer weight.

12. (Previously Presented) A method of manufacturing a rigid foam according to claim 11:

wherein the nano-particles include a major portion of nano-Montmorillonite; and the polymer includes a major portion of polystyrene, polyethylene or polymethyl methacrylate.

13. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing a rigid foam according to claim 10:

wherein the nano-particles are formed by a technique selected from a group consisting of intercalation with polystyrene, in-situ polymerization of polystyrene or polymethyl methacrylate with a surface modified nano-Montmorillonite and exfoliation of expandable graphite particles in a polystyrene or polymethyl methacrylate matrix.

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14. (Previously Presented) A method of manufacturing a rigid foam according to claim 2, wherein:

- the average cell wall thickness is less than about 10 μm ;
- the average strut diameter is less than about 20 μm ;
- the cell orientation is between about 0.5 and 2.0; and
- the foam density is less than about 100 kg/m^3 .

15. (Original) A method of manufacturing a rigid foam according to claim 14, wherein:

- the average cell size is between about 60 and about 120 μm ;
- the average cell wall thickness is between about 0.2 and about 1.0 μm ;
- the average strut diameter is between about 4 and about 8 μm ;
- the cell orientation is between about 1.0 and about 1.5; and
- the foam density is between about 20 and about 50 kg/m^3 .

16. (Original) A method of manufacturing a rigid foam according to claim 2, further comprising:

- incorporating a conventional nucleation agent into the polymer melt at a rate of less than about 2 weight percent based on polymer weight.

17. - 20. Canceled

21. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing a rigid foam comprising:

- incorporating acicular nano-particles and at least one nucleating agent into a polymer melt, said nano-particles having a particle size in at least one dimension less than 100 angstroms;

- adding a blowing agent to said polymer melt under a first pressure and at a first temperature;

- extruding said polymer melt under a second pressure and at a second temperature, said second pressure and said second temperature being sufficient to allow said polymer melt to expand and form a foam; and

- cooling said foam to form a foam product;

- wherein said polymer melt includes an alkenyl aromatic polymer material.

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22. Canceled

23. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 21, wherein said foam has a cell orientation of at least about 1.2.

24. Canceled